#### **Questions**

#### **Advanced - Accident and Reporting**

#### When must you record an accident in the accident book?

- A: If you are injured in any way
- B: Only if you have to be off work
- C: Only if you have to go to hospital

#### Answer: A

### If someone is injured at work, who should record it in the accident book?

- A: The Site Manager
- B: The injured person or someone acting for them
- C: The First Aider

#### Answer: B

# What is the most important reason for keeping a working area on a construction site, clean and tidy?

- A: To prevent slips, trips and falls
- B: So that waste skips can be emptied more often
- C: To recycle waste to help the environment

#### Answer: A

#### Why is it important for all workers to attend site induction?

- A: Risk assessments will be handed out
- B: Site specific health and safety rules will be explained
- C: Permits to work will be handed out

#### Answer: B

#### How can you help to prevent accidents?

- A: By becoming a First Aider
- B: By knowing how to get help quickly
- C: By acting on reports of unsafe working conditions

#### Answer: C

# When are people who are working on, or visiting construction sites most likely to have an accident?

- A: In the morning
- B: In the afternoon
- C: When they first start on any new site

#### Answer: C

#### What is a near miss?

- A: An incident where someone could have been injured or something could have been damaged
- B: An incident where someone was injured and nearly had to go to hospital
- C: An incident where someone was injured and nearly had to take time off work

#### Answer: A

### Other than the legal requirement, why is it important to report near miss incidents on site?

- A: Because it is the law to report all near miss incidents
- B: It is a requirement of the regulations
- C: To learn from them and stop them happening again

#### Answer: C

### A scaffold has collapsed and you saw it happen. What should you say when you are asked about the accident?

- A: Nothing as you are not a scaffold expert
- B: Exactly what you saw
- C: Who you think is to blame

#### **Answer:** B

# When leaving a site you have been visiting, you notice that a contractor is working in an unsafe manner. What should you do?

- A: Contact the Health and Safety Project Coordinator
- B: Contact the relevant Contractors head office
- C: Return and report this to the Site Manager

#### **Answer:** C

#### **Advanced - Behavioural Safety**

#### Behaviour is defined as:

- A: What you do
- B: What you think , feel, or believe

• C: Committing an unsafe act

#### Answer: A

#### Your attitude is:

A: What you do

• B: What you think, feel or believe

C: A situation of accident potential

#### Answer: B

#### A consequence is:

- A: The impact on the individual or others of a behaviour, whether immediately or over a longer period
- B: What you think, feel or believe
- C: What you do

#### **Answer:** A

#### How should feedback be delivered following an observation:

- A: In public
- B: In a safety meeting
- C: Privately

#### **Answer:** C

#### Reinforce a safe behaviour with:

- A: Positive feedback
- B: Negative feedback
- C: Neutral feedback

#### **Answer:** A

#### For Behavioural Safety to work, who needs to be involved?

- A: A supervisor
- B: An operator
- C: Everyone

#### Answer: C

#### Workers are responsible for

- A: Ensuring their acts and omissions don't effect co-workers
- B: Participating in Behavioural Safety training
- C: Both of the above

#### Answer: C

# If you observe someone working in a potentially dangerous situation do you?

- A: Walk on past without saying anything
- B: Tell them to stop immediately and report them to their boss
- C: Have a conversation with them in which you share your concerns for their safety and agree with them what needs to change to make their workplace safe

#### Answer: C

#### What is the best safety rule?

- A: Immediately sort the waste generated during the work by type
- B: Keep the workplace tidy and keep passages clear
- C: Mark all hazards at the workplace with red-white tape

#### Answer: B

### What methods are appropriate for an employer use to provide health and safety information to employees?

- A: Text messages and Facebook
- B: By imposing sanctions after an incident
- C: Toolbox talks and a site notice board

#### **Answer:** C

#### **Advanced - Construction Regs Part A**

#### When should a project be notified to the HSI?

- A: All projects with more than one contractor
- B: Projects with more than 20 working days or 200 person days
- C: Projects with more than 30 working days or 500 person days

#### Answer: C

#### What must be reported to the principal contractor?

- A: Any accident, illness or dangerous occurrence at the site
- B: Only accidents resulting in a visit to hospital
- C: Only accidents resulting in time off work

#### **Answer:** A

#### When must a safe work method statement be prepared?

- A: It is a nice to do, when the site manager has time
- B: It is legal requirement for all high risk construction work and must be prepared in advance of the works commencing
- C: After the task has been completed to place in the Health and Safety file

# When should the Health and Safety Project Coordinator be appointed?

- A: As early as possible in the design process, and if practicable, at the concept stage
- B: Once work commences on site
- C: Once plans have been approved and passed

#### **Answer:** A

### Who is responsible for appointing the Health and Safety Project Coordinator?

- A: The Principal Contractor
- B: The Designer
- C: The Client

#### Answer: C

### Where reasonably practicable, what welfare facilities should be available on site?

- A: A porta loo with hot and cold water for washing
- B: Flushing toilets, hot & cold running water, drying room and a place to sit and make hot drinks
- C: The use of Public toilet facilities

#### **Answer:** B

### The risk hierarchy needed to be observed by all Contractors and Designers is?

- A: Eliminate, Substitute, Isolate, Engineering, Administrative, PPE
- B: Eliminate, Isolate, PPE
- C: Avoid, Protect, Ensure

#### **Answer:** A

### Who should provide workers with information, instruction and training?

A: The Principal Contractor

B: The ClientC: The Employer

Answer: C

#### How long should the health and safety file be kept for?

- A: As long as the project is running
- B: Until the structure is altered
- C: The life of the structure

Answer: C

#### Records of induction and health and safety training should?

- A: Be destroyed at the end of construction for data protection
- B: Be kept for three years after construction is finished
- C: Be left with the Health and Safety file when construction finishes

Answer: B

#### **Advanced - Construction Regs Part B**

# Is consultation with employees, having regards to health and safety matters, a legal requirement?

- A: No
- B: Yes
- C: Only if the project lasts for more than 30 working days or 500 person days

Answer: B

#### What would not be considered high risk construction work?

- A: Work using pre-fabricated structural elements
- B: Installing skirting boards
- C: Work in an area where there are artificial extremes of temperature

Answer: B

#### Who would be classed as a Designer?

- A: The Health and Safety Project Coordinator
- B: The Quantity Surveyor
- C: Anyone who makes alterations which result in design changes

Answer: C

#### What is Pre Construction Information about a specific project?

- A: A document prepared for all high risk work
- B: Health and safety information relevant to the project which can be reasonably obtained through sensible enquiries
- C: A document prepared for the hand over on completion of demolition works

#### Answer: B

#### What should not be put into the Health and Safety file?

- A: A brief description of the works carried out
- B: Information relating to the safe demolition of the structure
- C: The Construction Phase Plan

#### Answer: C

#### What information should the Health and Safety file contain?

- A: Information about the maintenance, cleaning, alteration and demolition of the building
- B: Risk assessments and Safe Work Method Statements
- C: Induction and training records for all personnel that have worked on the project

#### **Answer:** A

# What factors contribute to the amount of supervision required for specific tasks?

- A: The amount of people performing the task
- B: The amount of times the personnel have completed this task previously
- C: The age and experience of personnel and the degree of risk associated with the task

#### Answer: C

# Who is responsible for ensuring that First Aid and welfare facilities on site are adequate?

- A: The Health and Safety Project Coordinator
- B: The Designer
- C: The Relevant Contractor

#### **Answer:** C

#### Who is responsible for ensuring the Client is aware of their

#### duties?

- A: Employees working on the site
- B: The Designer, The Health and Safety Project Co-ordinator, Principal Contractor & Contractors
- C: The Designer

**Answer:** B

# Sub-contractors are employed, as the relevant contractor what must you ensure?

- A: They are competent and have the skills, training, knowledge and experience to carry out the works
- B: They are experienced at the works
- C: Their quote was the most reasonable

**Answer:** A

#### **Advanced - Demolition**

### If you are unsure about a buildings stability, who should you consult?

- A: A Structural Engineer
- B: The Health and Safety Inspectorate
- C: Another demolition contractor

**Answer:** A

# Who must be appointed before undertaking demolition operations?

- A: A competent person to supervise the works
- B: A sub-contractor to strip out the building
- C: A Quantity Surveyor to price the extras

**Answer:** A

## What action should be taken if the contractor discovers unlabelled drums or containers on site?

- A: They should be put in the nearest waste skip
- B: Work should be stopped until they have been safely dealt with
- C: They should be opened to check if the contents are flammable

**Answer:** B

# When asbestos material is suspected in a building to be demolished, what is the first priority?

- A: Notify the HSI
- B: A competent licensed person carry out a Refurbishment and Demolition Survey
- C: A competent licensed person carry out a Management Survey

#### What do the letters SWL stand for?

- A: Safe Working Level
- B: Safe Working Limit
- C: Safe Working Load

Answer: C

#### What safety feature is provide by FOPS on mobile plant?

- A: The machine stops automatically when the operator lets go of the controls
- B: The speed is limited when driving over hard surfaces
- C: The operator is protected from falling objects

Answer: C

# What should a contractor do if they discover underground services not previously identified?

- A: Stop work until the situation has been resolved
- B: Get the machine to dig it out
- C: Fill in the hole

**Answer:** A

# Who should be consulted before demolition is carried out near to overhead cables?

- A: The Fire Service
- B: The Jersey Electricity Company
- C: The land owner

Answer: B

# Where would you find out the method for controlling identified hazards on a demolition project?

- A: The demolition companies Health and Safety policy
- B: The toolbox talk
- C: The site specific safe work method statement

#### **Answer:** C

# When do the regulations require an excavation to be inspected by a competent person?

- A: At the start of the shift, before work begins, after any event likely to have affected its strength or stability or after any accidental fall of material
- B: Every dayC: Every 7 days

**Answer:** A

#### **Advanced - Dust & Fumes**

# Why is it important to be clean shaven if using a disposable mask or respirator?

- A: You may suffer an allergic reaction to the mask
- B: Facial hair will affect the seal around the face
- C: You will be able to use the same mask for longer

**Answer:** B

### What should a Worker do if the water they are using to supress dust runs out?

- A: Put on additional RPE
- B: Ask everyone to clear the area and then carry on
- C: Stop and refill the water

Answer: C

# Work is being planned that will create dust. What action should be taken?

- A: The work should not be carried out because dust is highly dangerous
- B: Work for short periods of time
- C: Equipment to eliminate or supress dust and PPE suitable for the works should be used

Answer: C

# When using a power tool to cut or grind materials, why must the dust be collected and not allowed to get into the air?

- A: Most dust can be harmful if breathed in
- B: The tool will be faster if the dust is collected
- C: A machine guard is not needed if the dust is collected

#### **Answer:** A

# Which is the biggest cause of long term health issues in the construction industry?

- A: Loud noise
- B: Slipping and tripping
- C: Breathing in hazardous dust and fumes

#### Answer: C

### What should Workers do if they have been given RPE to protect themselves against hazardous fumes?

- A: Ensure they have been given the correct RPE which is compatible with other items of PPE
- B: Start work, but take regular breaks
- C: Wear a second dust mask on top of the first one

#### Answer: A

# Your Workers have been face fit tested. What is one of the checks you can make to ensure their mask provides a tight seal?

- A: That they are clean shaven
- B: That they have no more than 1 week's stubble growth
- C: That their voices cannot be heard when wearing the mask

#### Answer: A

# Disposable masks have filtering face piece ratings of FFP1, FFP2 and FFP3. Which offers the greatest protection?

A: FFP1B: FFP2C: FFP3

#### Answer: C

#### Which of these activities does not create silica dust?

- A: Breaking up concrete floors and screeds
- B: Sawing timber and plywood
- C: Sweeping up rubble and dust

#### **Answer:** B

# Which of the following is not a health effect of being exposed to paints and resins which have high levels of solvents?

- A: Headaches and sickness
- B: Hearing loss
- C: Dermatitis or skin problems

#### **Advanced - Electrical Safety & Equipment**

### What can be done to reduce trips and injuries caused by untidy leads and extension cables?

- A: Keeping trailing cables and leads close to the wall
- B: Making sure that cables have not been used before
- C: Tying any excess cables and leads into the smallest coil possible

Answer: A

# Why is it dangerous to run an abrasive wheel faster than its recommended maximum speed?

- A: The wheel will get clogged and stop
- B: The motor could catch fire
- C: The wheel can bust and injure the operator

**Answer:** C

### What is the main function of the guard on an abrasive wheel machine?

- A: To stop materials getting on to the blade or wheel
- B: To balance the machine
- C: To contain fragments in the event of a disc bursting

Answer: C

# Someone near you is using a rotating laser level, what is the health hazard that is likely to affect you?

- A: Skin cancer
- B: Gradual blindness
- C: None, if used correctly they are safe

Answer: C

#### A Worker is using a generator to power lighting when the lamp blows. They have a spare lamp, what should they do?

A: Replace the lamp without disconnecting the generator, as you cannot get a shock from it

- B: Disconnect the lighting from the generator before replacing the lamp
- C: Carry on working using your phone's torch

# What main area of visual inspection should be carried out before each use of a power tool?

- A: Check switches, triggers, guards and cables are adjusted correctly and in good condition
- B: Check the manufactures label has not come off
- C: Check it is marked with a security stamp

**Answer:** A

### What is the best option for the power supply to hand held tools for construction works?

A: 240vB: 110vC: Battery

Answer: C

### What do a yellow plug and a yellow supply cable fitted to an electrical tool indicate?

- A: It shows that the tool runs off 110v supply
- B: It shows that the tool is water proof and can be used outdoors
- C: It shows that the tool runs off 240v supply and should not be used on site

**Answer:** A

### What is the recommended safe voltage for corded electrical equipment on construction sites?

A: 415voltsB: 110voltsC: 240volts

**Answer:** B

#### Why should batteries never be stored loose in a tool bag?

- A: The tool bag will be heavy and cause back injuries
- B: If the terminals short out, it could cause a fire
- C: They give off a poisonous gas in a confined space

#### **Advanced - Environmental Awareness**

### If you find bats on site, which of the following statements is true?

- A: All bat species and their roosts are protected, you cannot disturb them without licensed mitigation
- B: You can move the shelters or resting spaces of bats as long as you do it at night when they are out hunting
- C: You can disturb or destroy shelters or resting places of bats if they get in the way of the works

#### **Answer:** A

## Which of the following does not help save energy and resources on site?

- A: Use of alternative or recycled products for site setup
- B: Instillation of more energy efficient site accommodation and low energy technology
- C: The use of cheaper products and materials to reduce cost

#### **Answer:** C

#### You are considering using an alternative material or component to that specified. Other than its impact on the safety and cost of the structure, what is often over looked?

- A: The impact of the alternative on the building or structure's future energy performance
- B: Whether the alternative is readily available
- C: Whether the alternative will look similar to the product specified

#### **Answer:** A

# What final element is missing from this simple four point pollution incident response plan? Stop - Contain - Notify -

• A: Review

• B: Clean up

• C: Re start work

**Answer:** B

When assessing pollution risks before starting works on a construction site, which of the following should not be done?

- A: Locate and identify water courses, surface water and foul water drains
- B: Inspect existing gullies, silt traps and oil separators
- C: Seal up drains and gullies on site

Answer: C

# Which of the following should be undertaken to help improve a pollution incident response?

- A: Train the work force in the use of spill kits
- B: Always refuel using drip trays
- C: Only use bio degradable fuels

**Answer:** A

### Which of the following will help minimise dust from stock piles of soil?

- A: Avoid moving the materials when nearby residents are at home
- B: Damping down the materials with water
- C: Have a supply of face masks suitable for dust

**Answer:** B

# Which of the following is an environmental reason for preventing concrete or mortar, wash out water from entering water courses or underground aquifers?

- A: It can change the colour of the water
- B: It will pollute the water and could harm water wildlife
- C: It will improve the flow of the water course

**Answer:** B

#### A diesel plant refuelling point is to be setup on a new site. Which of the following is the preferred method of fuel transfer?

- A: Decanting from jerry cans using a funnel
- B: Gravity feed from a bulk storage tank
- C: A pumped system with a nozzle fitted with an auto cut off device

Answer: C

# What should the minimum capacity of a spillage bund around a fuel storage tank be?

- A: 90% of the tank capacity
- B: 100% of the tank capacity

• C: 110% of the tank capacity

Answer: C

#### **Advanced - Excavation & Confined Spaces**

# You are in a deep trench and start to feel dizzy, what is the first thing you should do?

- A: Ask others if they feel dizzy
- B: Have a drink, it is the first sign of dehydration
- C: Make sure that you and others get out quickly and report it

Answer: C

#### What do guard rails around a top of an excavation prevent?

- A: The sides of the trench collapsing
- B: People from falling into the trench
- C: Heavy plant from falling into the excavation

Answer: B

# You are standing near a deep excavation. A lorry backs up to the trench and its engine is left running. What should you do?

- A: Put on ear defenders to reduce the noise level
- B: Ignore it, the lorry will drive away soon
- C: Get everybody out of the excavation quickly

Answer: C

# What is a significant hazard when excavating alongside a building or structure?

- A: Undermining or weakening the foundations of the building
- B: Damaging the surface finish of the building
- C: Noise and vibration for the occupiers of the building

Answer: A

# When must you take precautions to prevent people, materials and equipment from falling into an excavation?

- A: At all times
- B: When the excavation is 2m or more deep
- C: When there is a risk from an underground cable or service

Answer: A

### When carrying out a survey, which piece of equipment must be used with a cable avoidance tool in order to detect cables?

- A: An excavator bucket with no teeth
- B: An insulated shovel or spade
- C: A Signal generator

Answer: C

### What is one duty of the top man, if people need to work in a confined space?

- A: To enter the confined space if there is a problem
- B: To start the rescue plan if needed
- C: To tell you how to work safely in that space

Answer: B

# What is the first question to ask if work may need to be carried out in a confined space?

- A: Can it be undertaken by someone else?
- B: Can it be avoided?
- C: Can it be controlled with radios or mobile phones?

**Answer:** B

# Work in a confined space needs a Safe Work Method Statement and what other safety document?

- A: COSHH Assessment
- B: Company health and safety policy
- C: Permit to work

Answer: C

# You are required to undertake a survey in what you suspect might be a confined space. What should be your first consideration?

- A: Make sure you have the correct equipment to test the atmosphere
- B: Make sure that you have a colleague with you
- C: Check if the information you need can be obtained remotely to avoid entering the space

Answer: C

#### **Advanced - Fire Prevention & Control**

#### What is the first thing you should do if you discover a fire?

- A: Take photos and post them on social media
- B: Try to put out the fire
- C: Raise the alarm and follow the site procedure

Answer: C

#### Where should you go if you hear the fire alarm?

- A: To the site entrance
- B: To the site office
- C: To the assembly point

Answer: C

# What type of fire extinguisher should not be provided where petrol or diesel is being stored?

- A: Foam
- B: Water
- · C: Dry powder

**Answer:** B

# A foam extinguisher, identified by a cream band, should not be used on which of the following types of fire?

- A: Wood or paper
- B: Solid material
- C: Electrical fires

Answer: C

### As a result of risk assessments, work is to be carried out under a hot work permit. What must the permit specify?

- A: That the work is completed at least one hour before the site closes
- B: That the work is completed immediately before the end of the working day
- C: That the work is carried out at a time when the site is other wised unoccupied

**Answer:** A

#### How would you expect highly flammable materials to be stored?

- A: In the site storage container
- B: Against the hoarding furthest away from the site office

• C: In a secure compound in the open air

Answer: C

### How should spare acetylene and oxygen cylinders that are not in use be stored?

- A: Separately and away from site accommodation
- B: Lying down so they cannot fall over
- C: Together, but away from site accommodation

**Answer:** A

# What must contractors ensure when work is taking place in a corridor that is a fire escape route?

- A: All doors into the corridor are locked
- B: All tools and equipment do not block the route
- C: Only spark proof tools are used

Answer: B

# What should be in place on all construction sites to ensure that fire precautions are adequately assessed?

- A: A fire risk assessment that is updated on an annual basis
- B: A construction phase health and safety plan
- C: A fire risk assessment that is regularly updated to reflect the current site conditions

Answer: C

#### What is a common fire risk on construction sites?

- A: 240v power tools
- B: 110v extension reels
- C: Poor housekeeping and a build-up of waste

**Answer:** C

#### **Advanced - First Aid and Emergency Procedures**

#### How are site based staff and visitors informed of the location of the First Aid facilities on site?

- A: By walking the site looking for the First Aid sign
- B: By attending the site induction
- C: By reading the Health and Safety poster

Answer: B

## How can you see for yourself that attention has been given to simple emergency procedures on site?

- A: The distance between the structure and the assembly point is minimalised
- B: All electrical appliances have been electrically tested
- C: There are fire points with extinguishers and a means of raising the alarm

#### Answer: C

### If there is an emergency while you are on site, what should you do first?

- A: Leave the site and go back to your head office
- B: Phone your office
- C: Follow the site emergency procedures

#### Answer: C

#### When would you expect eye wash bottles to be provided?

- A: Only on demolition sites, where asbestos has to be removed
- B: Only on sites where refurbishment is being carried out
- C: On all sites where people could get something in their eyes

#### Answer: C

# Someone has fallen from height and has no feeling in their legs, what should you do?

- A: Roll them on to their back and keep their legs straight
- B: Raise their legs to see if any feeling comes back
- C: Ensure they stay still and don't move them until medical helps arrives

#### Answer: C

### If someone is in contact with a live cable, what should you do first?

- A: Switch off the power and call for help
- B: Pull them away from the cable
- C: Phone the Jersey Electricity Company

#### **Answer:** A

#### What is the one thing a First Aider cannot do?

- A: Give mouth to mouth resuscitation
- B: Give medicines without authorisation
- C: Treat casualties if they are unconscious

#### If someone gets grit in their eye, what is the best thing to do?

- A: Hold the eye open and wipe it with clean tissue paper
- B: Ask them to rub the eye, until it starts to water
- C: Hold the eye open and flush it with sterilized water

Answer: C

### Someone gets a large splinter in their hand. It is deep under the skin and it hurts. What should be done?

- A: Use something sharp to dig it out
- B: Try to squeeze out the splinter with your thumbs
- C: Make sure that they get first aid from a qualified First Aider

Answer: C

#### What is the best thing to do if someone burns their hand?

- A: Tell them to put their hand into cold water or under a cold running tap
- B: Tell them to rub barrier cream or Vaseline into the burn
- C: Tell them to wrap a handkerchief around the burn

**Answer:** A

#### **Advanced - Hazardous Substances**

### What illnesses might a worker develop if they breathe in asbestos dust?

- A: Aching muscles and painful joints
- B: Throat infections
- C: Lung diseases

Answer: C

#### Which of these is the least likely to cause skin problems?

- A: Asbestos
- B: Epoxy resin
- C: Solvents

**Answer:** A

# What kind of survey is required to identify asbestos prior to any invasive work being carried on a structure built pre year 2000?

- A: A type two survey
- B: A refurbishment or demolition survey
- C: A management survey

Answer: B

### What is the most suitable method of checking for leaks when assembling LPG or other gas equipment before use?

- A: Sniff the connections to detect the smell of gas
- B: Listen to hear for escaping gas
- C: Apply leak detection fluid to the connections

**Answer:** C

### Why are wet cement, mortar and concrete hazardous to your health?

- A: They can cause dizziness and headaches
- B: They can cause skin burns and dermatitis
- C: They can cause muscle ache

**Answer:** B

#### What should you do before using a hazardous substance?

- A: Ask someone who has already used it
- B: Review the COSHH Assessment and following the instructions
- C: Read the employers health and safety policy

**Answer:** B

# When a Contractor is assessing the risk of using a substance they believe to be hazardous, what should they do first?

- A: Review the material safety data sheet
- B: Ensure workers are provided with RPE
- C: Ensure workers are trained to use RPE

**Answer:** A

### Which of the following provides health and safety information about a hazardous substance?

- A: The delivery note
- B: The COSHH assessment

C: The manual handling assessment

Answer: B

# Which of the following is the safest way to store oxyacetylene gas bottles when they are not in use?

- A: In company vehicles
- B: Inside the building in a locked cupboard
- C: Outside in a special secure storage compound

Answer: C

#### How can you tell if a product is hazardous?

- A: From the warning symbols on the container, packaging label and Materials Safety Data Sheet
- B: It will always be in a black container
- C: It will always be in a cardboard box

**Answer:** A

#### **Advanced - Health and Welfare**

#### You suspect someone has been drinking alcohol or is still over the limit. What should you do?

- A: Get them to drink plenty of strong coffee before they go back to work
- B: Tell them your concerns and see that they are safely removed from the site
- C: Ask them to stay away an hour and then go back to work

Answer: B

## Why should white spirt or other solvents not be used to clean hands?

- A: They could strip the protective oils from the skin
- B: They could remove the top layer of skin
- C: They could block the pores of the skin

**Answer:** A

### What condition can be caused by direct sunlight exposure on bare skin?

- A: Dermatitis
- B: Rickets
- C: Skin Cancer

#### **Answer:** C

#### What is the main issue with using only barrier cream to protect the skin from chemical contact?

- A: There may be none available on site
- B: It can irritate your skin
- C: Many harmful substances go straight through barrier cream

#### Answer: C

# In what situation is a worker most likely to catch Weil's disease (Leptospirosis)?

- A: If they work fixing showers or baths
- B: If they work near wet ground, water ways or sewers
- C: If they drink water from a stand pipe

#### Answer: B

# The legionella bacteria that causes legionaries disease are most likely to be found in which of the following?

- A: A boiler operating at a temperature of 80C
- B: An infrequently used shower outlet
- C: A cold water storage cistern containing water at 10C

#### Answer: B

# What are the legal minimum facilities that should be provided on site for washing your hands?

- A: Hot water and electric hand driers
- B: A cold water stand pipe and paper towels
- C: Hot and cold water, soap and a way to dry hands

#### Answer: C

#### What sort of rest area should be provided for workers on site?

- A: A covered area
- B: A covered area and some chairs
- C: A covered area, tables, chairs and something to boil drinking water and heat food

#### Answer: C

# What should you do if you find that the toilets on the site you are visiting are dirty?

- A: Ignore the problem it is normal
- B: Tell the Site Manager who can sort it out
- C: See if you can use the toilets in a nearby café or pub

### When can male and female workers use the same toilet facilities on a construction site?

- A: Not in any circumstance
- B: If the toilet cubical is partitioned from any urinals
- C: If the toilet is in a lockable room for use by one person at a time

Answer: C

#### **Advanced - Highway Works**

# What should the site manager do to increase the safety of motorists, if transport leaving a site is likely to deposit mud on the public road?

- A: Deploy someone in the road to slow the traffic down
- B: Have someone to hose the mud in the road down
- C: Employ an onsite method of washing the wheels of the site transport

Answer: C

# A single vehicle is carrying out highway works during the day. What must be clearly displayed on, or at the rear of the vehicle?

- A: Road narrows sign
- B: A keep left or right arrow
- C: A road works ahead sign

Answer: B

### When should the amber flashing beacon fitted to a highways vehicle be switched on?

- A: At all times
- B: When travelling to and from the depot
- C: When the vehicle is being used within or whilst setting up highway works

**Answer:** C

#### Why is it necessary to wear class 3 high visibility clothing when

#### working in the road?

- A: So road users and plant operators can see you
- B: Because it will keep you warm
- C: To protect your clothes from damage

#### **Answer:** A

# When should highway signs and guarding equipment be inspected on a live site?

- A: At initial site set up
- B: Before starting the works, during active works and before you leave the site
- C: Once per day

#### Answer: B

#### How must signs on footways be located?

- A: So they can be read by site personnel
- B: So they can be easily removed
- C: So they do not create a hazard for vulnerable road users

#### Answer: C

# Where would you find information about the distances for setting out highways signs under different road conditions?

- A: Health and Safety at Work (Jersey) Law 1989
- B: In the Approved Code of Practice for Safety at Road Works (Red book)
- C: In the Highway Code

#### Answer: B

# How many Highway Authorities can issue permits to work on Jersey roads?

- A: One
- B: Two
- C: Thirteen

#### Answer: C

# What is the maximum site length when using a single manually rotated stop and go board on Jersey roads?

- A: 10m
- B: 25m

• C: 50m

Answer: B

#### How must signs and guarding equipment be properly secured?

- A: With built in weights where possible or bags of fine granular materials
- B: By tying them with blue rope to concrete blocks
- C: By suspending metal weights from the frame of the sign

**Answer:** A

#### **Advanced - Manual Handling**

### If manual lifting activities are part of a task, what must be carried out?

- A: The lifting operations must be supervised
- B: A task specific risk assessment
- C: Nothing as it is part of some work operation to lift loads

Answer: B

#### You are in charge of a gang of Workers who are about to start on a new site, what can you do to help minimise manual handling?

- A: Remind them not to do any manual handling
- B: Assess and agree with the site manager how the materials and equipment can be distributed close to the work place
- C: Only conduct manual handling activities in the morning

**Answer:** B

# A worker is using a wheel barrow to move a heavy load. Is this manual handling?

- A: No, because the wheel barrow is carrying the load
- B: Only if the wheel barrow is pulled instead of pushed
- C: Yes, they are still manual handling the load

Answer: C

# A Worker needs to manually handle survey equipment in and out of a vehicle. An old injury means the Worker has a weak back. What should you do?

 A: Review the risk assessment and consider other means of carrying out the task

- B: Tell them to try some lifting and then report back
- C: Tell them they will have to find someone else to perform the task if they cannot

Answer: A

# A Worker has to move a load that may be too heavy for them. They cannot divide it and there is no one to help. What should you do?

- A: Make sure they do not move the load until a safe method is identified
- B: Tell them to try and lift it using the correct lifting techniques
- C: Tell them to lift and move the load quickly to avoid injury to themselves

Answer: A

# How should a Worker stand if they need to lift a load from the floor?

- A: Feet together legs straight and back bent
- B: Feet slightly apart, one leg slightly forward and knees flexed
- C: Feet wide apart, legs straight and back bent

Answer: B

# What does it mean if lifting and placing a load forces a Worker to twist or turn their body?

- A: That the weight they can lift safely is less than usual
- B: That the weight they can lift safely is more than usual
- C: That they can lift the same weight as usual

**Answer:** A

# Someone has to move a load while they are sitting down. How much can they move safely?

- A: Less than usual
- B: The usual amount
- C: Double the usual amount

**Answer:** A

### A heavy load has been delivered to site. What is the first thing that should be considered?

- A: How the risk of manual handling could be reduced
- B: How many people are needed to lift the load

• C: How the need to manually lift the load could be avoided

#### Answer: C

# Manual handling assessment involves 4 main areas, what are they?

- A: Testing, Load, Environment, Individual
- B: Environment, Individual, Task, Levels
- C: Task, Individual, Load, Environment

#### Answer: C

#### **Advanced - Noise & Vibration**

### Can the damage caused by exposure to noise over a long period of time be reversed?

- A: Yes, with time
- B: Yes, if you have an operation
- C: No, the damage is permanent

#### Answer: C

## Noise can cause damage to peoples hearing. What is an early sign of this?

- A: Temporary deafness or a ringing noise in the ears
- B: Regular ear infections
- C: There are no early signs

#### **Answer:** A

### What should you do if a Worker needs to wear ear defenders, but an ear pad is missing from one of the shells?

- A: Tell them not to wear them and to work without any hearing protection
- B: Tell them to put them on and go to site with them as they are
- C: Tell them that they cannot work in any noisy area until they are replaced

#### Answer: C

# Someone near you is using noisy equipment and you have no hearing protection. What should you do?

- A: Carry on with your work as you are not the person using the equipment
- B: Leave the area until you have the correct PPE

• C: Ask them to stop what they are doing

**Answer:** B

# Noise levels may be a general problem if you have to shout to be understood when someone is standing how far away from you?

A: 2mB: 4m

• C: 6m

**Answer:** A

# If you need to wear disposable foam ear plugs, how should you insert them so they protect your hearing from damage?

- A: Soak them in water, squeeze them out and then insert them into the ear canal
- B: Roll them up and insert them as far as you can, while pulling the top of your ear up to open up your ear canal
- C: Fold them in half, pull on your ear lobe and wedge them into your ear

Answer: B

### Why is over exposure to vibratory tools and equipment a serious issue?

- A: The long term effects of vibration are not known
- B: There is no way that exposure to vibration can be prevented
- C: Vibration can cause a disabling injury that cannot be cured

Answer: C

# What health problems can be caused by Hand Arm Vibration Syndrome (HAVS)?

- A: Skin irritation like dermatitis
- B: Blisters on hands and arms
- C: Damaged blood vessels and nerves in the fingers and hands

Answer: C

# Which of these tools is most likely to cause Vibration White Finger?

- A: Hammer drill
- B: Hammer and chisel
- C: Battery powered screw driver

#### **Answer:** A

#### What is the least reliable source of information when assessing the level of vibration from a powered percussive hand tool?

- A: Vibration figures taken from the tool manufactures hand book
- B: The judgment from the site manager, based on observations
- C: In use vibration measurement of the tool

#### Answer: B

#### **Advanced - Personal Protective Equipment**

#### When should eye protection be worn?

- A: On very bright sunny days
- B: When it has been included in the bill of quantities
- C: If there is a risk of eye injury, when it is identified in your risk assessment or if it is the site rules

#### Answer: C

# When is the only time that you do not need to wear head protection on site?

- A: If you are working on a project that is at the finishing stages
- B: When you are in a safe area, like the site office
- C: If you are working in very hot weather

#### **Answer:** B

#### When must you wear high visibility clothing?

- A: When the need is identified in the contractors or your employers site rules or risk assessment and when you are working on or adjacent to a road
- B: Only if you are working alongside moving plant
- C: During normal day light hours only

#### Answer: A

#### What should you do if your PPE gets damaged?

- A: Stop what you are doing and get a replacement
- B: Carry on wearing it, but work more quickly
- C: Try to repair it

#### **Answer:** A

#### You are about to enter an active work area on site. How will you

#### know if you need any extra PPE?

- A: By looking at the health and safety policy
- B: From the risk assessment or safe work method statement
- C: Others around you will be wearing more than the minimum PPE required

**Answer:** B

# Who has the legal duty to ensure that workers are provided with any PPE they need including, the means to maintain it?

- A: Their Employer
- B: The Workers who need it
- C: The Client for the project

Answer: A

#### Do Workers have to pay for any PPE they need?

- A: Yes, they must pay for it all
- B: Yes, but they only have to pay half the cost
- C: No, the Employer must pay for it

Answer: C

#### When working in an area where fibre glass roof insulation is being handled, in addition to safety boots and helmet, which of the following items of PPE should be worn?

- A: Barrier cream, eye protection and RPE
- B: Rubber apron, eye protection and ear defenders
- C: Gloves, RPE and eye protection

Answer: C

# What type of eye protection do Workers need to wear when they are using a cartridge operated tool or compressed gas tool such as a nail gun?

- A: Impact rated goggles
- B: Normal prescription glasses or sun glasses
- C: Light eye protection or safety glasses

Answer: A

#### When must Employers provide PPE?

- A: Twice a year
- B: If it is in their contract

• C: If it is needed to provide protection

Answer: C

#### **Advanced - Safety Signs**

#### What are blue and white signs?

- A: A mandatory sign
- B: A prohibition sign
- C: A warning sign

**Answer:** A

# What is a circular blue background sign with a pair of gloves in white showing?

- A: Dispose of used safety gloves here
- B: Safety gloves do not need to be worn
- C: Safety gloves must be worn

**Answer:** C

# What is a circular blue background sign with a pair of overalls in white showing?

- A: Safety overalls must be worn
- B: Only white overalls allowed in this area
- C: Remove overalls in this area

**Answer:** A

# What are round white background signs with a red edge and diagonal red line through?

- A: Mandatory sign
- B: Prohibition sign
- C: Warning sign

**Answer:** B

# What is a round white background signs with a red edge with a person depicted in black with a diagonal red line through the sign?

- A: No entry without a hard hat
- B: No access for pedestrians
- C: No entry during the day

Answer: B

# What are round white background signs with a red edge and a picture of a mobile phone in black with a diagonal red line through the sign?

- A: No mobile phones
- B: Mobile phones are allowed
- C: Mobile phone charging point

**Answer:** A

# What does a rectangular green sign, with a white arrow and a person going through a white door space?

- A: Escape route or emergency exit
- B: One way pedestrian route
- C: The site entrance is this way

**Answer:** A

#### What is a square green sign with a large white cross in it?

- A: Emergency assembly point
- B: Accident and Emergency Department
- C: First Aid point

Answer: C

### What is a yellow triangle with black edging and an exclamation mark in it?

- A: A prohibition sign
- B: A warning sign
- C: A safe condition sign

**Answer:** B

# What sign is a yellow triangle with black edging and a forklift pictured in it?

- A: Manual handling not allowed
- B: Industrial vehicles operating
- C: Storage area

**Answer:** B

#### Advanced - Site transport & Lifting

Which of the following conditions would you expect a Site Manager to apply in order to manage the risk of site staff

#### operating plant?

- A: The plant operative must be trained, authorised and competent
- B: The plant operative must be over 21 years old
- C: The plant operative tells the site manager he has operated that item before

#### Answer: A

#### How should workers be told about the site traffic rules?

- A: By the plant operators
- B: By a notice on the site board
- C: During their site induction and tool box talks

#### Answer: C

### When can a mobile plant operator allow people to ride on, or in their machine?

- A: Only if they have a long way to go
- B: Only if it is designed to carry passengers
- C: Only when it is raining

#### Answer: B

# Which of the following represents good site management on the public road approaching a site?

- A: Asking contractors to park half on the footway and half on the road way
- B: Parking items of plant to free up space on site
- C: Providing a place where delivery vehicles can park on site without staying in the public highway

#### Answer: C

### What is the correct procedure for using a tower crane to off load a lorry?

- A: A trained slinger and signaller to carry out the off-loading operation
- B: The Crane Driver to instruct an operative to sling the load
- C: The Lorry Driver should sling the load before the slinger arrives

#### **Answer:** A

#### What should all lifting equipment and accessories be?

• A: Brightly coloured, inspected and clearly signed

- B: Logged, inspected, thoroughly examined and marked
- C: Strong enough for the load and always fitted with out riggers

### How would you expect a well organised site to keep pedestrians away from traffic routes?

- A: The Site Manager will direct all pedestrians away from traffic routes
- B: The traffic routes will be shown on the site notice board
- C: There will be physical barriers between traffic and pedestrian routes

Answer: C

#### When is a site vehicle most likely to injure pedestrians?

- A: While tipping into an excavation
- B: While digging out footings
- C: While reversing

Answer: C

# Which of the following is the best risk control measure with regard to site vehicles reversing?

- A: Setting a speed limit on site
- B: Vehicles fitted with reversing beepers
- C: A trained Vehicle Marshall should reverse all vehicles

Answer: C

# How can a contractor ensure that the sequence of operations to enable a lift to be carried out safely are in place?

- A: Using verbal instructions
- B: Check the lift plan and safe work method statement
- C: Using a toolbox talk

Answer: B

#### Advanced - Work at Height

# If someone is wearing a harness and fall arrest lanyard while working at height, what else must be done?

- A: Provide an extra harness in case theirs breaks
- B: Have a second person warn them if they get too close to the edge

• C: Have a rescue plan in place to retrieve them if they fall

#### Answer: C

# When is it most appropriate to use a safety harness and lanyard for working at height?

- A: When the roof has a steep pitch
- B: When all other options for fall prevention have been ruled out
- C: When storing materials at heights

#### **Answer:** B

### What is the maximum permitted gap between the guard rails on a working platform?

A: 470mmB: 490mmC: 510mm

#### **Answer:** A

# What is the minimum height of top guard rail on a working platform?

A: 850mmB: 950mmC: 1050mm

#### Answer: B

# What is the most effective method of preventing workers falling from height whilst carrying out construction and maintenance work?

- A: Ensure that details of risky operations are included in the Construction Phase Plan
- B: Ensure that the design and construction solutions eliminate the need for working at height
- C: Educate the workforce to be more careful while working at height

#### **Answer:** B

#### What must edge protection be designed to do?

- A: Prevent people and materials from falling
- B: Secure tools and material close to the edge
- C: Allow persons to work on both sides of it

#### **Answer:** A

#### When are you working at height?

- A: Any height that could cause an injury if you fell
- B: 1m above the ground
- C: 2m above the ground

#### **Answer:** A

#### What is a class 3 ladder?

- A: An Industrial quality ladder which can be used safely
- B: Any ladder that is made of wood
- C: A ladder for domestic use only, which cannot be used on site

#### **Answer:** C

# Which of the following provides the public with adequate protection from falling objects?

- A: Clear warning signs
- B: Viewing panels in the site hoarding
- C: A fan or scaffold tunnel over the footway

#### **Answer:** C

# You are inspecting a flat roof. What is the best way to stop yourself and others from falling over the edge?

- A: Have a large warning sign placed at the edge of the roof
- B: Ask for the edge to be protected with guard rails and toe boards
- C: Ask for red and white tape to mark the edge

#### **Answer:** B